47th KUASS (Kyoto University African Studies Seminar)

Date and Time: 24 February 2016 (Wed), 15:00-18:00

Venue: Kyoto University Inamori Memorial Building, 3rd Floor, Middle-sized Meeting Room (No.

332)

Title: Monitoring forest cover change to assist conservation efforts in the

Democratic Republic of the Congo

Speaker: Dr. Raymond S. Lumbuenamo (University of Kinshasa)

Abstract: The changes in forest cover has become a matter of global concern as forests play a vital

role in carbon recycling, maintaining the environmental setup, and the ecological integrity of systems

on which the entire planet depends. This is even more so in the DR Congo where not only more than

half the population is almost exclusively dependent on the forest for their livelihoods but also because,

over 85% of the rains that fall over the Congo Basin is dependent on the forest.

In this part of the world, worrying signs of big catastrophes to come are becoming tangible

by the day. It has thus become imperative that information be made available to the decision makers

at all levels to raise their awareness and prompt them into action in order to prevent the looming crisis

from erupting.

Remote sensing coupled with GIS (Geographical Information System) is a potential tool,

for monitoring the changes in land cover, identifying the conservation priorities in global hotspots,

rating deforestation and quantifying overall forest cover loss at finer scale. Remote sensing and GIS

can help generate an integrated Decision Support System (DSS) to assist tropical forest researchers in

making informed decisions and enable policy makers/managers to better understand the linkages

between local, regional and global processes, take effective management decisions and achieve the

goal of sustainable development of biodiversity in tropical and subtropical countries.

During this talk, I will explain how we, on a very modest scale, are trying to use this tool to

inform conservation efforts, land use and land management in the DRC.